

Lunar Occultations – The Amateur’s Opportunity

James Appleton

Agenda For The Evening

1. Introduction to lunar occultations
2. Lunar movement exercise
3. What you can observe
4. Understanding predictions
5. Some variations on the basic theme....

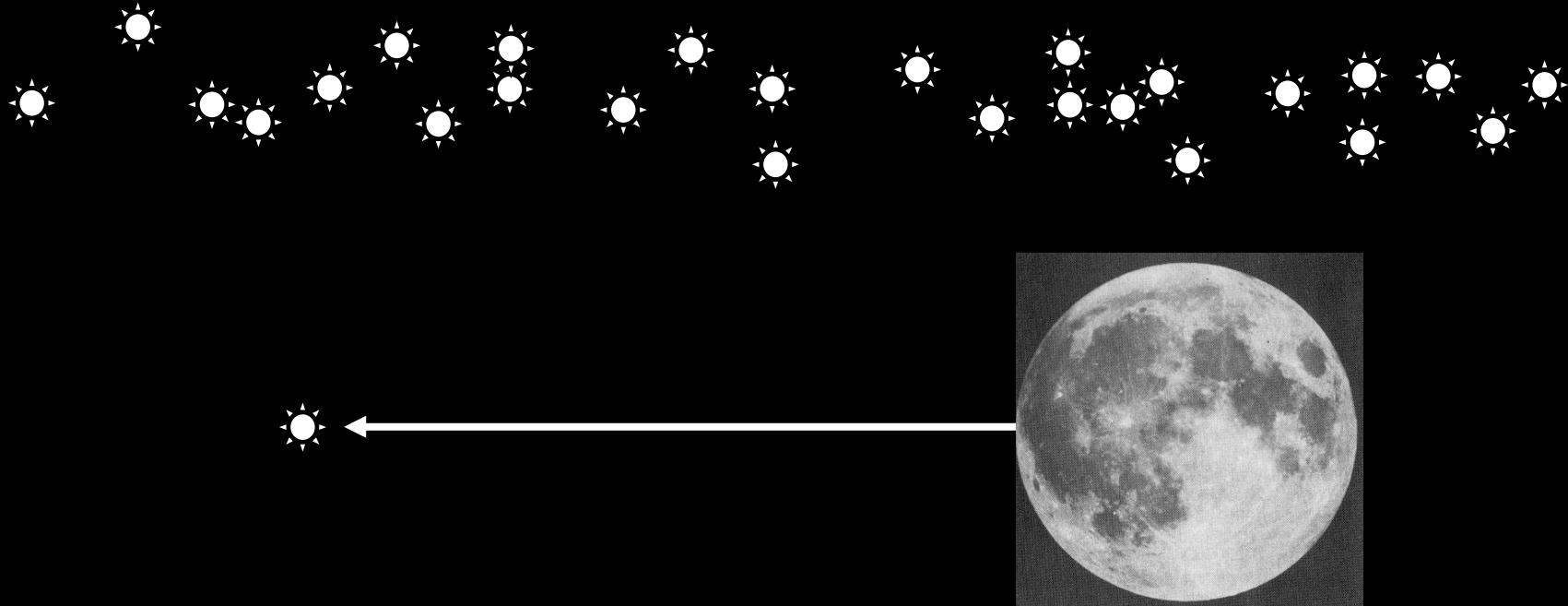
Definitions

Occultation – *complete or partial obscuration of an astronomical object by another of larger apparent diameter, especially the moon or a planet*

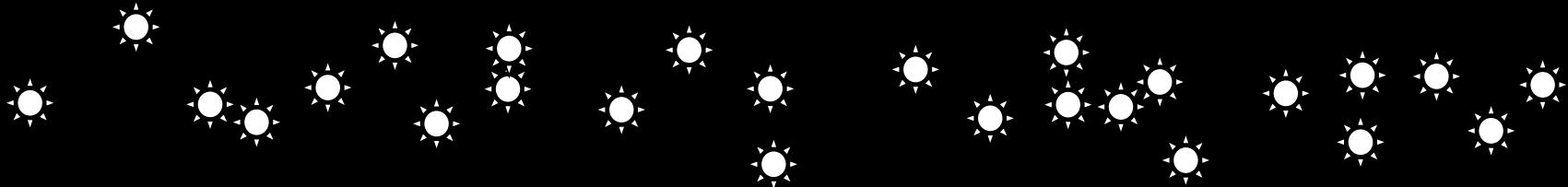
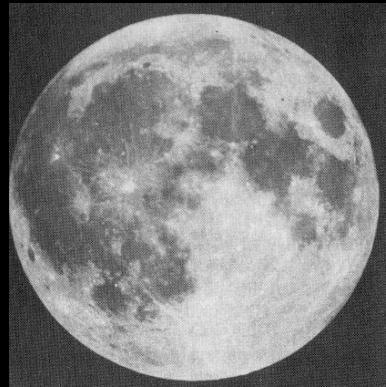
Eclipse - *total or partial obscuration of light from a celestial body as it passes through the shadow of another body*

Therefore.... An eclipse of the sun is an occultation!

A Lunar Occultation



A Lunar Occultation



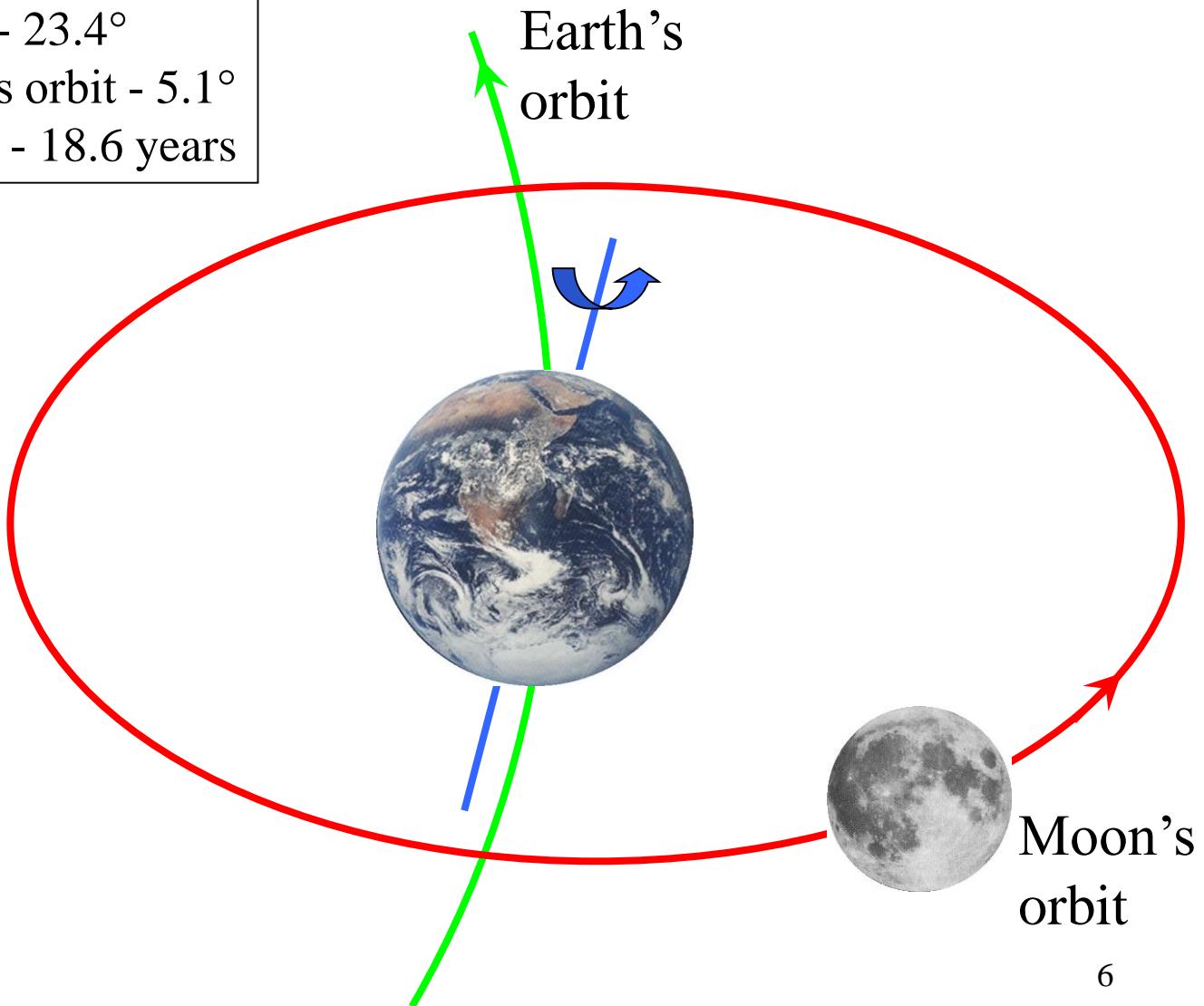
The Lunar Orbit

Plane of Earth's orbit - ecliptic

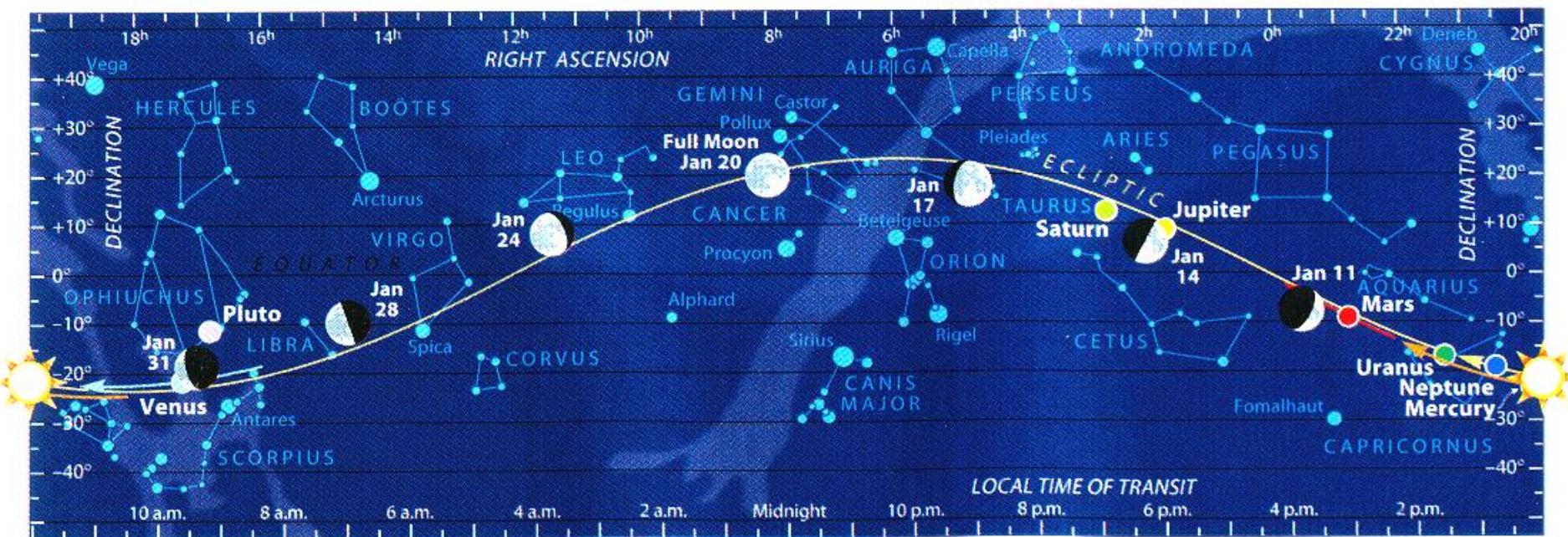
Obliquity of ecliptic - 23.4°

Inclination of Moon's orbit - 5.1°

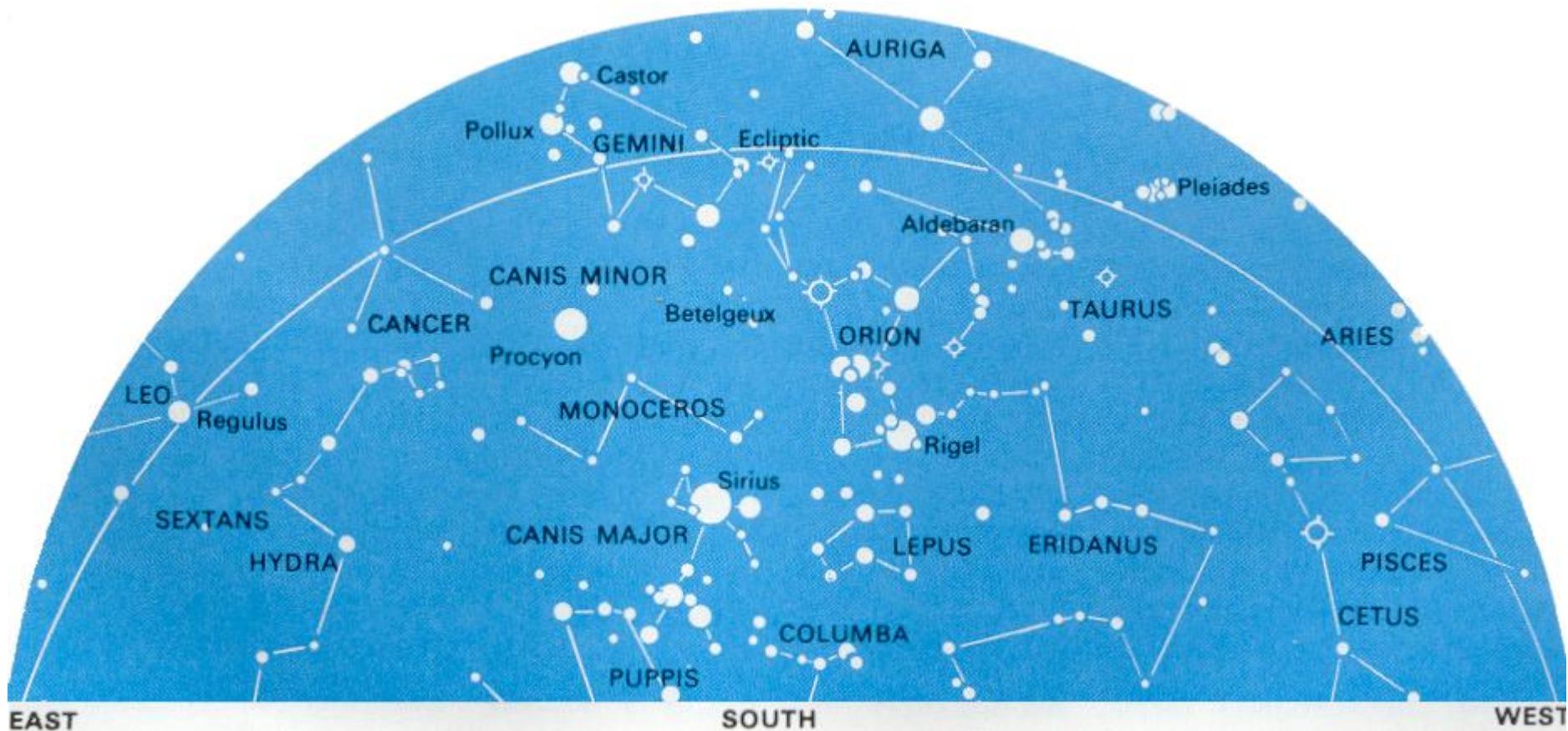
Line of nodes rotates - 18.6 years



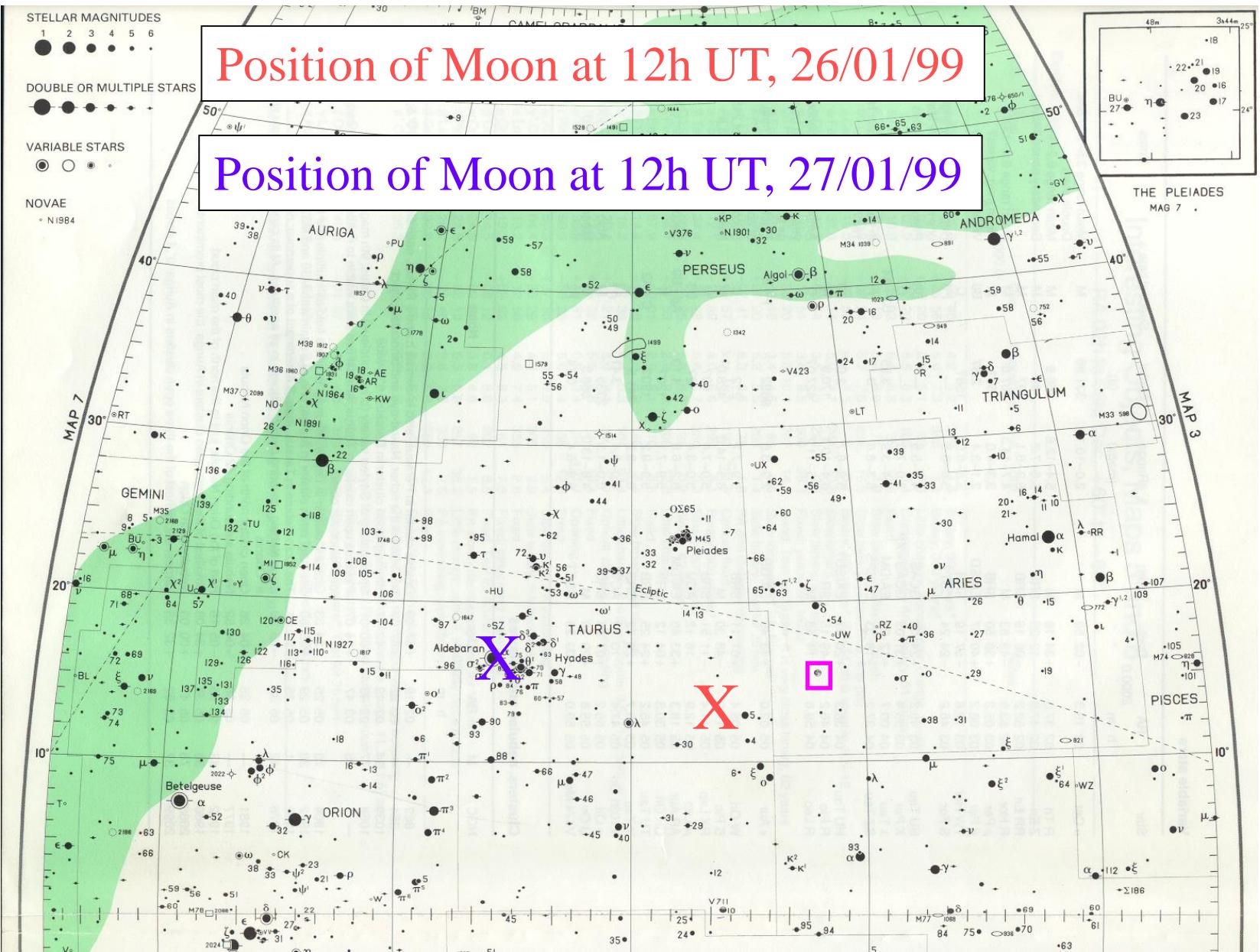
Moon's Motion In The Sky



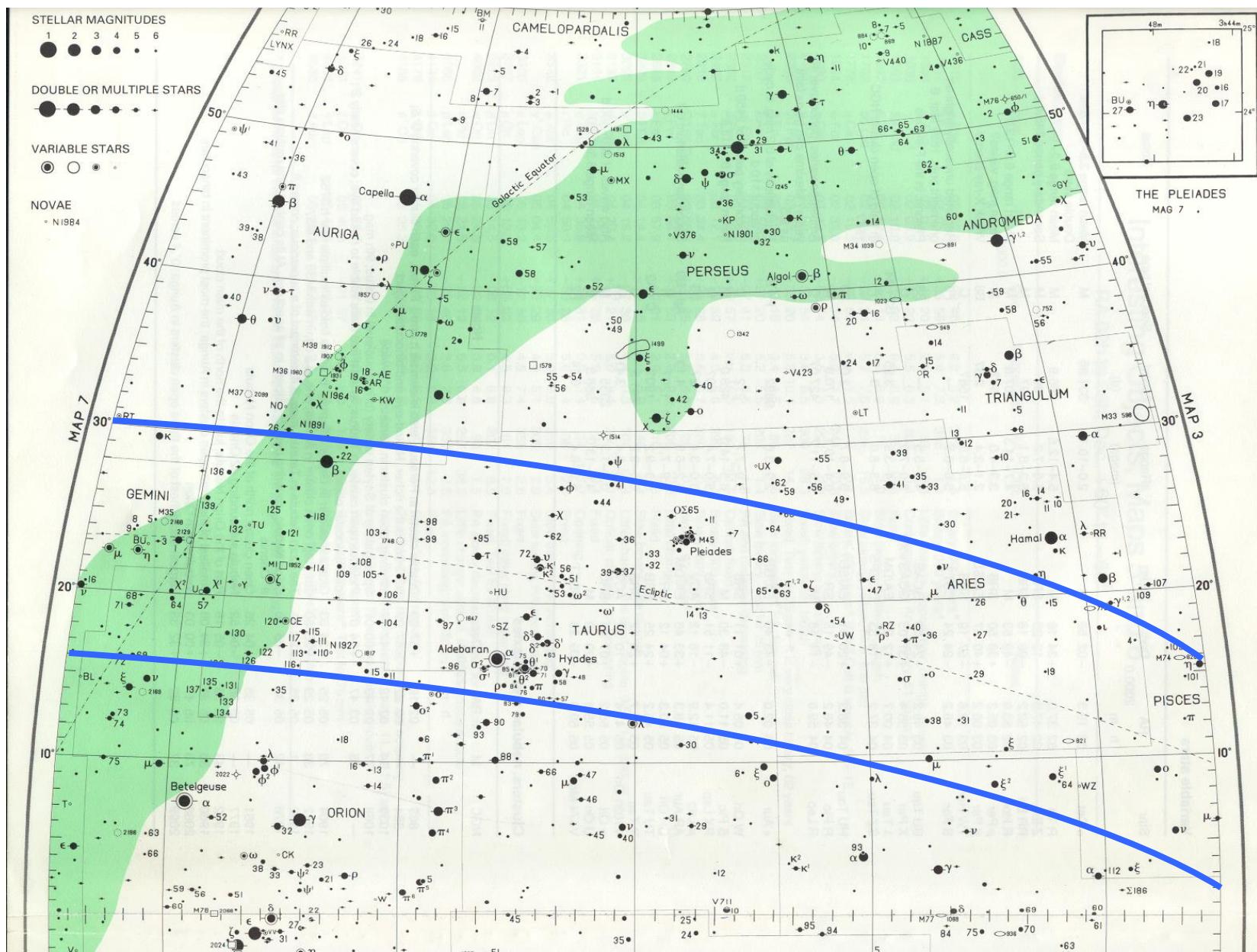
Moon's Motion In The Sky



Lunar Motion Exercise



Limits Of Lunar Position

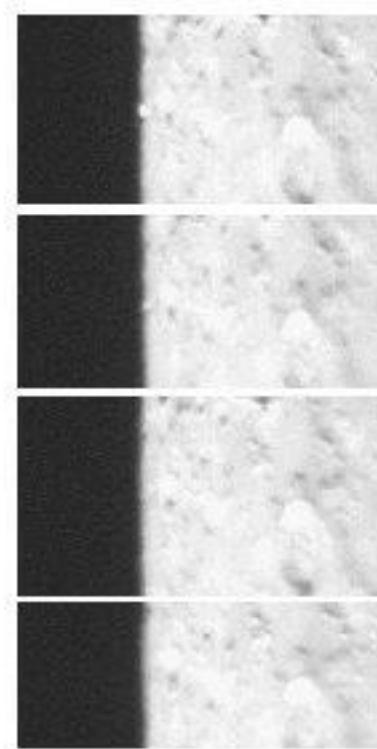
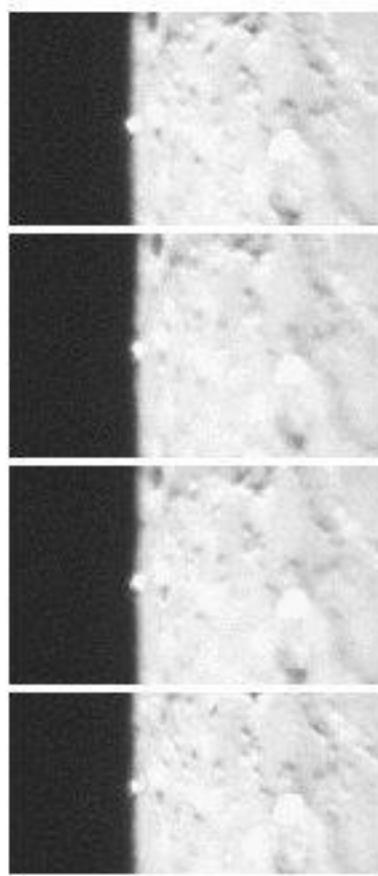


Stars Which The Moon Can Occult

| Magnitude | Stars Which The Moon Can Occult |
|--------------|---|
| 1 | Aldebaran, Regulus, Spica, Antares |
| 2 | beta Tauri, gamma Geminorum, delta Scorpii, sigma Scorpii |
| 3 | 20 |
| 4 | 77 |
| 5 | 201 |
| 6 | 623 |
| 7 | 1750 |
| 8 | 4,744 |
| 9 or fainter | ~100,000 |

Aldebaran Disappearance

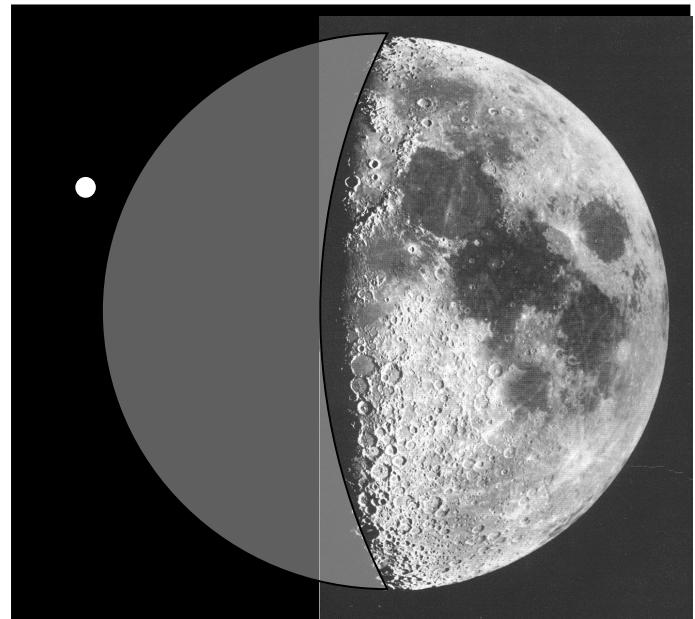
27 Jan 1999, 07:36 UT, West Coast US



Observational Aspects

Most significant factors:

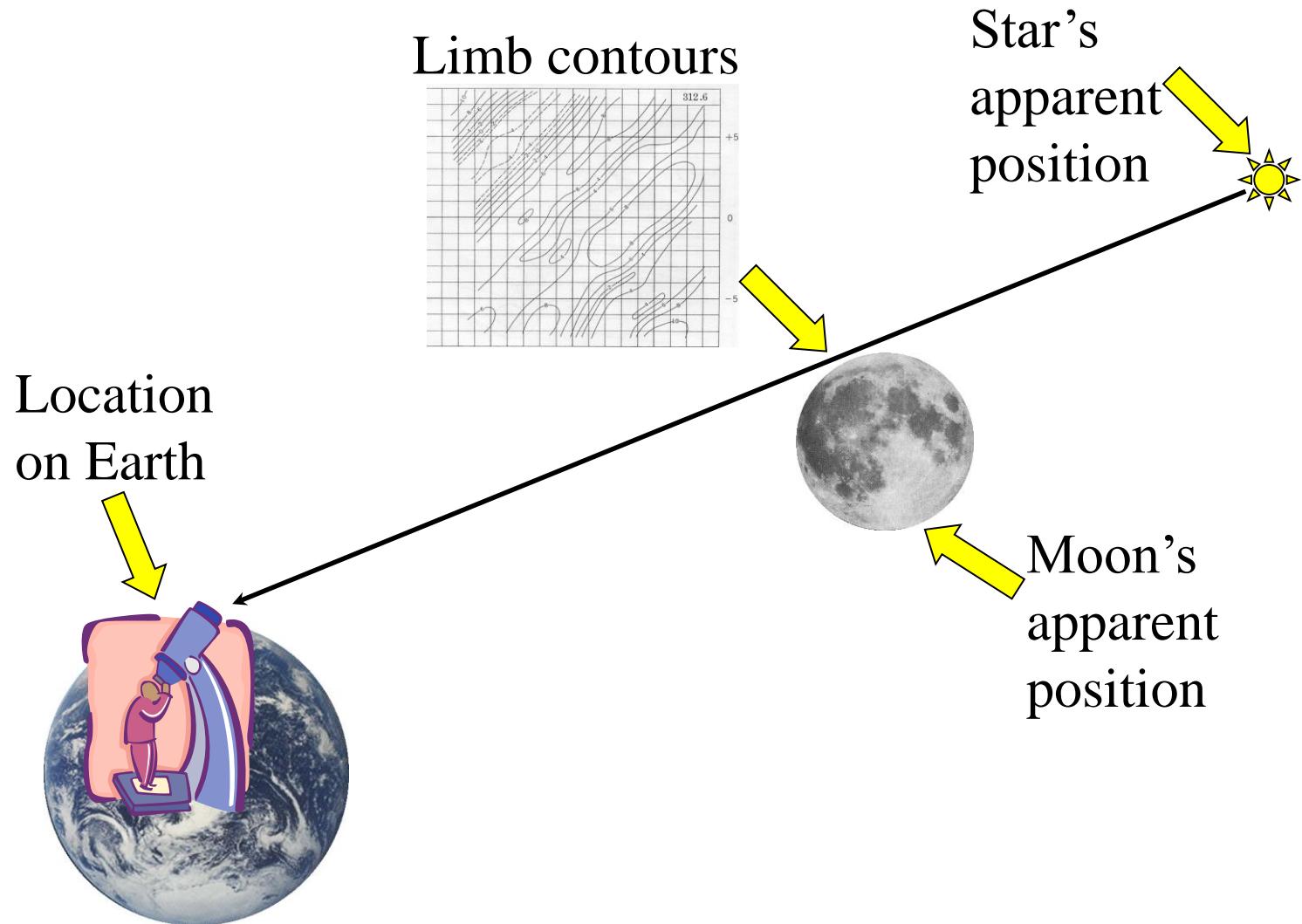
1. Lunar phase
2. Star's magnitude



Why Observe Lunar Occultations?

| Who | Why |
|-------------------------|---|
| Amateur | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Interesting to observe!• Detect close double stars• Measure red giants• Improve lunar topography (selenography) maps |
| Professional historical | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Develop theories & data for:<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Lunar motion2. Star positions3. Earth's rotation4. Lunar topography |
| Professional today | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Improve upon Clementine (1994) lunar mapping data• Reconcile solar system with stellar reference frame |

Factors Affecting Occultation Time



BAA Predictions

2000

Lunar Occultations

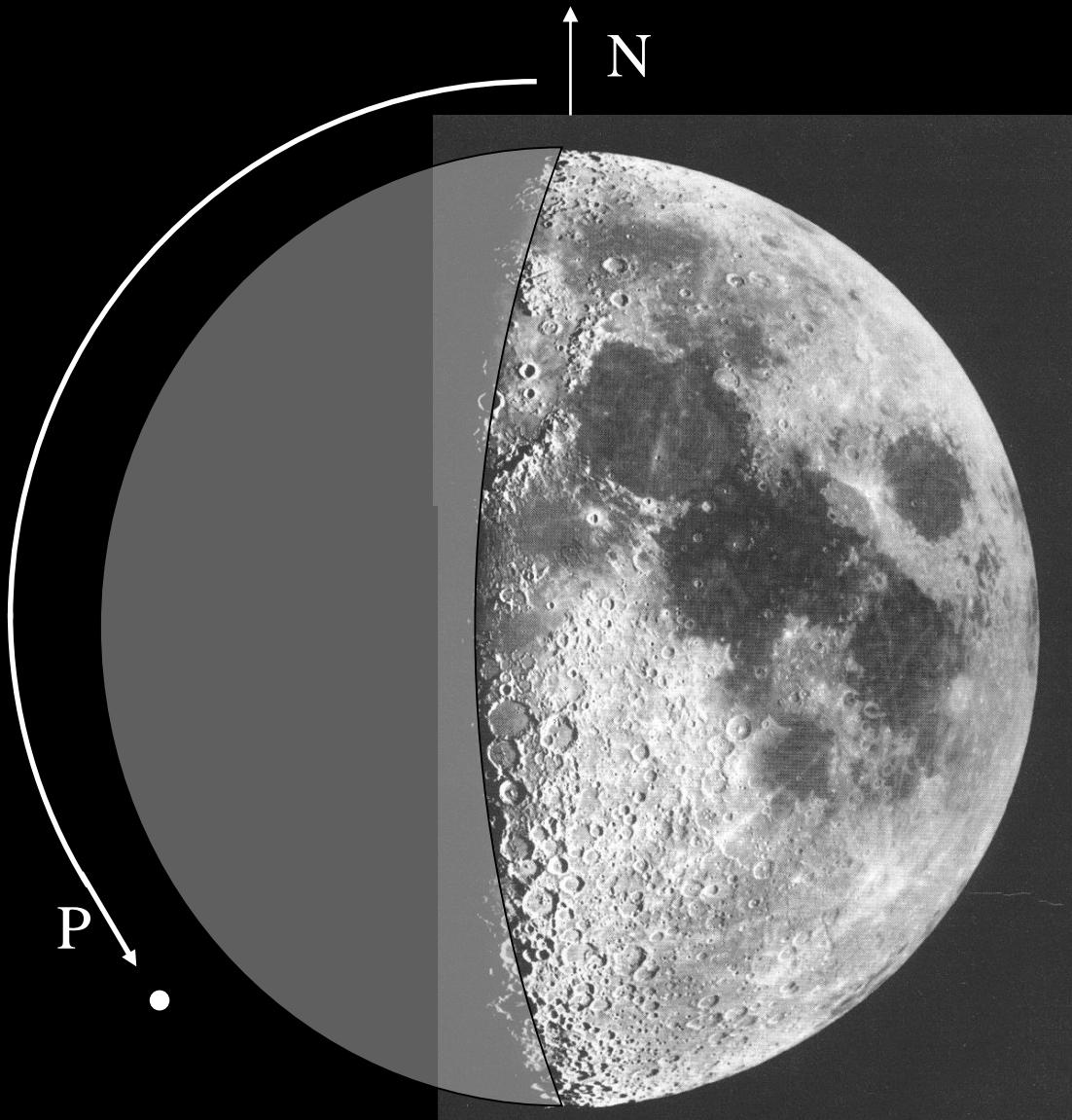
25

| Date | Z.C. No. | Mag. | Ph. | El. of Moon | GREENWICH | | | | | EDINBURGH | | | | |
|---------|-------------|------|-----|-------------------|------------|------|------|-----|---------|-----------|------|-----|--|--|
| | | | | | U.T. | a | b | P | U.T. | a | b | P | | |
| Jan. 11 | 3419 | 4.5 | D | 56° | 18 h 7.1 m | 0.0 | 2.0 | 6° | .. N .. | | | | | |
| 11 | 3425 | 4.6 | D | 56 | 18 49.0 | -1.1 | -1.1 | 84 | 18 41.7 | -0.9 | -0.7 | 69 | | |
| 13 | 126 | 7.7 | D | 81 | 19 51.2 | -0.5 | 1.5 | 18 | 20 3.2 | .. G .. | 347 | | | |
| 15 | 405 | 4.4 | D | 107 | 21 51.3 | -0.8 | 1.1 | 29 | 21 57.6 | .. G .. | 4 | | | |
| 16 | 526 | 6.9 | D | 120 | 20 23.3 | -1.4 | 0.3 | 75 | 20 21.6 | -1.1 | 0.8 | 60 | | |
| 17 | 705 | 8.0 | D | 134 | 20 58.6 | -1.2 | 1.4 | 48 | 21 3.1 | -0.9 | 2.2 | 30 | | |
| 17 | 711 | 8.2 | D | 134 | 22 35.3 | -1.4 | -2.5 | 127 | 22 22.8 | -1.3 | -1.3 | 108 | | |
| 19 | 888 | 6.0 | D | 150 | 1 34.0 | -0.9 | -0.6 | 66 | 1 29.2 | -0.9 | -0.2 | 54 | | |
| 19 | 895 | 5.9 | D | 151 | 2 37.3 | -0.4 | -1.4 | 93 | 2 29.7 | -0.5 | -1.3 | 84 | | |
| 19 | 913 | 5.2 | D | 152 | .. A .. | | | | 5 43.9 | 0.3 | -1.3 | 96 | | |

For greater accuracy: $\Delta t = a \cdot \Delta \text{long} + b \cdot \Delta \text{lat}$ (minutes)

Ipswich: $\Delta \text{long} = -1.2$, $\Delta \text{lat} = 0.5$

Position Angle (P)



JA Predictions

| D or R | Date & Time (UT) | Lunar Phase | Sun Alt (°) | Star Alt (°) | Min Dist (rad) | Star Name / Catalogue No. | Mag |
|--------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----|
| D | 12 Mar 22:16 | 0.45+ | -36 | 27 | 0.02S | 104 Tau | 4.9 |
| | 23:15 | 0.46+ | -40 | 18 | | | |
| D | 13 Mar 20:28 | 0.56+ | -23 | 51 | 0.27S | chi 2 Ori | 4.6 |
| | 21:35 | 0.57+ | -32 | 42 | | | |
| D | 14 Mar 19:49 | 0.67+ | -18 | 58 | 0.11N | zeta Gem | 4.0 |
| | 21:02 | 0.68+ | -28 | 54 | | | |
| D | 09 Apr 22:43 | 0.31+ | -28 | 15 | 0.63N | chi 1 Ori | 4.4 |
| | 23:24 | 0.32+ | -30 | 9 | | | |
| D | 10 May 00:01 | 0.40+ | -20 | 9 | 0.27S | delta Cnc | 3.9 |
| D | 11 Jul 23:53 | 0.82+ | -16 | 8 | 0.05N | theta Lib | 4.1 |
| D | 21 Aug 02:29 | 0.68- | -18 | 41 | 0.39S | ksi 2 Cet | 4.3 |
| | 03:37 | 0.68- | -11 | 45 | | | |
| D | 23 Aug 23:58 | 0.36- | -27 | 7 | 0.97S | 104 Tau, m Tau | 4.9 |
| | 24 Aug 00:10 | 0.36- | -27 | 8 | | | |
| D | 13 Nov 02:05 | 0.98- | -46 | 52 | 0.68S | delta 1 Tau | 3.8 |
| | 02:58 | 0.98- | -38 | 47 | | | |
| D | 01 Dec 16:40 | 0.27+ | -8 | 18 | 0.69N | eta Cap | 4.8 |
| | 17:40 | 0.27+ | -16 | 16 | | | |
| D | 08 Dec 17:20 | 0.91+ | -14 | 25 | 0.21S | 87 Cet, mu Cet | 4.3 |

Occultations On Mon 13/03/00

Next OASI “small telescopes” evening

| Day | Date | UT | G | Sun | Star | Min | D | | | | | | |
|-------|-----------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|
| | | | D | Lunar | Alt | Alt | Dist | PA | CA | b | | | |
| R | Mag | V | Phase | deg | deg | rad | deg | deg | 1 | CCDM | Star Name | | |
| <hr/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mon | 13 Mar 00 | 18:33:37 | D | 8.6 | 0.55+ | -7 | 58 | 0.43S | 110 | 70DS | Y | PPM 95212 | |
| Mon | 13 Mar 00 | 18:34:11 | D | 7.9 | 1 | 0.55+ | -7 | 58 | 0.65S | 125 | 54DS | 1 | Hip 28425 |
| Mon | 13 Mar 00 | 19:22:28 | D | 8.5 | 0.56+ | -14 | 57 | 0.85N | 28 | 28DN | Z | PPM 95234 | |
| Mon | 13 Mar 00 | 20:28:09 | D | 4.6 | 1 | 0.56+ | -23 | 51 | 0.27S | 104 | 76DS | 1 | 62 Ori, chi 2 Ori |
| Mon | 13 Mar 00 | 21:35:39 | R | 4.6 | 1 | 0.57+ | -32 | 42 | 0.27S | 254 | 74BS | 1 | 62 Ori, chi 2 Ori |
| Mon | 13 Mar 00 | 21:01:58 | D | 9.0 | 0.56+ | -28 | 47 | 0.80N | 36 | 36DN | Y | PPM 95340 | |
| Mon | 13 Mar 00 | 21:12:03 | D | 9.0 | 0.56+ | -29 | 46 | 0.30S | 107 | 73DS | Y | PPM 95364 | |
| Mon | 13 Mar 00 | 22:56:15 | D | 8.8 | 0.57+ | -39 | 31 | 0.81N | 38 | 38DN | Y | PPM 95480 | |

Other Occultation Phenomena

- The solar system is a busy place.....
 - Lunar grazing occultation
 - Lunar occultation of a planet
 - Planetary occultation of a star
 - Planetary occultation of another planet
 - Asteroidal occultation of a star

